

```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["~/KappaLib/"];
<< kappaLib-1.2.m
<< helper.m

Loading KappaLib v1.2
Loading helper.m..
```

■ Every medium with a double light cone can not be written as

$$\kappa = C_1 \text{ast}_g + \rho \overline{A} \otimes A + C_2 \text{Id}$$

where A is simple.

■ Define counter example.

Intuition: From the proof of our main result, we see that bivector A is not simple when $a_1 \neq a_2$ in Metaclass I.

```
In[4]:= kappa = emMatrixToKappa[ $\begin{pmatrix} a_1 & 0 & 0 & -b_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_2 & 0 & 0 & -b_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_3 & 0 & 0 & -b_3 \\ b_1 & 0 & 0 & a_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & b_2 & 0 & 0 & a_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b_3 & 0 & 0 & a_3 \end{pmatrix}$ ];

kappa = kappa // {b3 → b2, a3 → a2};
kappa = kappa // {a1 → 1, a2 → 2, b1 → 1, b2 → 1};
emKappaToMatrix[kappa] // MatrixForm
```

$$\text{Out[7]//MatrixForm}= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

■ Verify that κ is invertible, skewon-free and has a double light cone

```
In[8]:= emDet[kappa]
Union[Flatten[emPoincare[kappa] - kappa]]
```

```
Out[8]= 50
```

```
Out[9]= {0}
```

```
In[10]:= vars = {x0, x1, x2, x3};
fresnel = emKappaToFresnel[kappa, vars];
```

```
In[12]:= AA =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(-3 + \sqrt{5}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(-3 + \sqrt{5}) \end{pmatrix}$ ;
```

```
BB =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(-3 - \sqrt{5}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(-3 - \sqrt{5}) \end{pmatrix}$ ;
```

```
In[14]:= Sort[Eigenvalues[AA] // N]
Sort[Eigenvalues[BB] // N]
```

```
Out[14]= {-1., -0.381966, -0.381966, 1.}
```

```
Out[15]= {-2.61803, -2.61803, -1., 1.}
```

```
In[16]:= Simplify[fresnel - (vars.AA.vars) (vars.BB.vars)]
```

```
Out[16]= 0
```

- If $A \wedge A = 0$, then A is simple, and there are vectors u and v such that

$$A = u \wedge v$$

```
In[17]:= u = {u1, u2, u3, u4};
v = {v1, v2, v3, v4};
Abivector = Table[
  u[[i]] v[[j]] - u[[j]] v[[i]],
  {i, 1, 4}, {j, 1, 4}];
```

```
In[20]:= Abivector // MatrixForm
```

Out[20]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -u_2 v_1 + u_1 v_2 & -u_3 v_1 + u_1 v_3 & -u_4 v_1 + u_1 v_4 \\ u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2 & 0 & -u_3 v_2 + u_2 v_3 & -u_4 v_2 + u_2 v_4 \\ u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3 & u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3 & 0 & -u_4 v_3 + u_3 v_4 \\ u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4 & u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4 & u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Define coefficients for g^{ij}

```
In[21]:= InvMetric = emMatrix["g", 4, Structure → "Symmetric"];
```

- Write representation for κ :

```
In[22]:= kappaAlt = C1 emQMedium[SqrtAbsDetG, InvMetric] +
  emBiProduct[rho, Abivector, Abivector] + C2 emIdentityKappa[];
eqs = Union[Flatten[FullSimplify[kappa - kappaAlt]]];
eqs = simp[eqs];
In[25]:= show[eqs]
```

Out[25]//MatrixForm=

1 :	0
2 :	$1 + C1 (g_{12}^2 - g_{11} g_{22}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2)^2$
3 :	$1 + C1 (g_{14}^2 - g_{11} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4)^2$
4 :	$-1 + C1 (g_{23}^2 - g_{22} g_{33}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3)^2$
5 :	$1 + C1 (-g_{24}^2 + g_{22} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4)^2$
6 :	$-1 + C1 (g_{34}^2 - g_{33} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4)^2$
7 :	$-1 + C1 (-g_{13}^2 + g_{11} g_{33}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3)^2$
8 :	$C1 (g_{12} g_{13} - g_{11} g_{23}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3)$
9 :	$C1 (g_{13} g_{23} - g_{12} g_{33}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3)$
10 :	$C1 (g_{12} g_{14} - g_{11} g_{24}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4)$
11 :	$C1 (g_{13} g_{14} - g_{11} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4)$
12 :	$C1 (g_{23} g_{24} - g_{22} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3) (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4)$
13 :	$C1 (g_{14} g_{24} - g_{12} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4) (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4)$
14 :	$C1 (g_{14} g_{34} - g_{13} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4) (u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4)$
15 :	$C1 (g_{24} g_{34} - g_{23} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4) (u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4)$
16 :	$C1 (-g_{12} g_{13} + g_{11} g_{23}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3)$
17 :	$C1 (-g_{13} g_{23} + g_{12} g_{33}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3)$
18 :	$C1 (g_{13} g_{22} - g_{12} g_{23}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (-u_3 v_2 + u_2 v_3)$
19 :	$C1 (-g_{13} g_{14} + g_{11} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4)$
20 :	$C1 (-g_{23} g_{24} + g_{22} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3) (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4)$
21 :	$C1 (-g_{14} g_{24} + g_{12} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4) (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4)$
22 :	$C1 (g_{14} g_{22} - g_{12} g_{24}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (-u_4 v_2 + u_2 v_4)$
23 :	$C1 (-g_{24} g_{34} + g_{23} g_{44}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4) (u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4)$
24 :	$C1 (g_{14} g_{33} - g_{13} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (-u_4 v_3 + u_3 v_4)$
25 :	$C1 (g_{24} g_{33} - g_{23} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 \rho (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3) (-u_4 v_3 + u_3 v_4)$
26 :	$C1 (-g_{14} g_{22} + g_{12} g_{24}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (-u_4 v_2 + u_2 v_4)$
27 :	$C1 (-g_{14} g_{33} + g_{13} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (-u_4 v_3 + u_3 v_4)$
28 :	$2 - C2 + C1 (g_{13} g_{24} - g_{12} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_3 v_2 - u_2 v_3) (u_4 v_1 - u_1 v_4)$
29 :	$1 - C2 + C1 (g_{14} g_{23} - g_{13} g_{24}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} - 2 \rho (u_2 v_1 - u_1 v_2) (u_4 v_3 - u_3 v_4)$
30 :	$-C2 + C1 (-g_{14} g_{23} + g_{12} g_{34}) \text{SqrtAbsDetG} + 2 (1 + \rho (u_3 v_1 - u_1 v_3) (u_4 v_2 - u_2 v_4))$

```
In[26]:= gb = GroebnerBasis[eqs, Variables[eqs]]; // Timing  
Out[26]= {36.9784, Null}  
  
In[27]:= gb = simp[gb]; // Timing  
Out[27]= {0.000055, Null}  
  
In[28]:= gb  
Out[28]= {1}
```

- We know that a system of polynomial equations has no solution in the complex domain if a Gröbner basis for the equations is {1}.