

WAVE FOCUSING IN ONE DIMENSION

Tuncay Aktosun
Dept of Mathematics and Statistics
Mississippi State University
Mississippi State, MS 39762, USA

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(joint with J. Rose of Iowa State U)

Plasma-wave eq (PWE)

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- time-domain approach
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- scattering sol behaving like a plane wave as $t \rightarrow -\infty$

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$g_1(x, t) = 0$ for $x > t$, causality

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- Example 1: wave probing with Dirac-delta wavefront

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Aktosun and Rose, *J. Math. Phys.* **43** (2002) 247–266

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- the tail starts reappearing
- the tail at any moment is determined by V

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- $g_1(x, \cdot; x_0) \in L^2(\mathbf{R})$ if V has no bound states

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given x_0 and $V(x)$, construct the tail $g_1(x, t; x_0)$

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how to construct $V(x_0)$ from $g_1(x, t; x_0)$

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$$\text{SE: } \frac{d^2 \psi}{dx^2} + k^2 \psi = V(x) \psi, \quad x \in \mathbf{R}.$$

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- $L(k)$, $R(k)$ left and right reflection coeff
- $T(k)$ transmission coeff, with simple poles at $i\kappa_j$

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Marchenko method: $V(x) = 2 \frac{dK(x, x^-)}{dx}$

$$K(x, y) + I(x + y) + \int_0^x dz K(x, z) I(z + y) = 0, \quad 0 < y < x$$

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Unitarity of the scattering matrix leads to

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk T(k) f_l(k, x) f_r(k, x_0) + \sum_{j=1}^N \varphi_j(x) \varphi_j(x_0) = \delta(x - x_0)$$

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- relation to Marchenko method

Recovery of $V(x_0)$ by focusing to x_0

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If V is continuous at x_0 , then for any $t \in \mathbf{R}$

$$V(x_0) = V(x_0 + t) + 2 g_1(x_0^- + t, t; x_0)^2 + 4 \frac{\partial g_1(x_0^- + t, t; x_0)}{\partial x}$$

Some generalizations

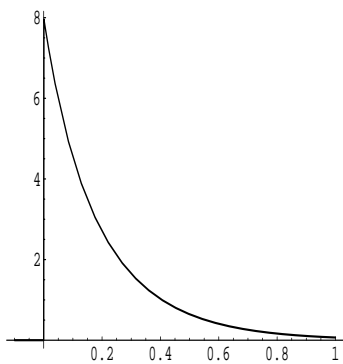
Some generalizations

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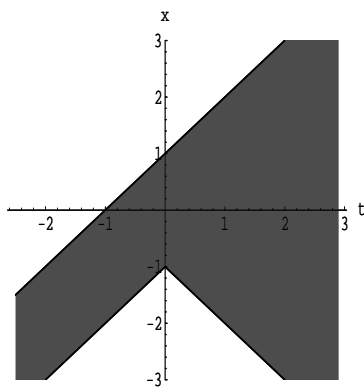
Some generalizations

- radial SE: $u_{xx} - u_{tt} = V(x) u, \quad x > 0, \quad t \in \mathbf{R}$
- variable-speed wave eq: $u_{xx} - \frac{1}{c(x)^2} u_{tt} = V(x) u, \quad x, t \in \mathbf{R}$

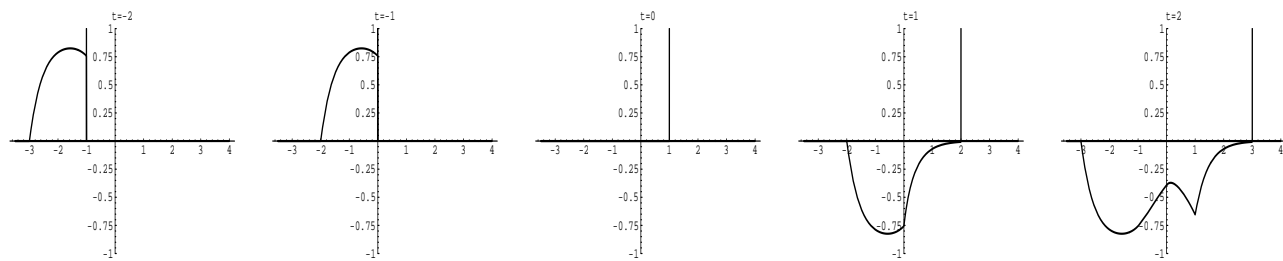
Example 2: focusing within nonhomogeneity



Potential V , vanishing when $x < 0$

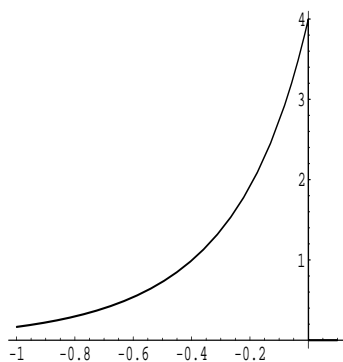


Support of u_1 , with $x_0 = 1$

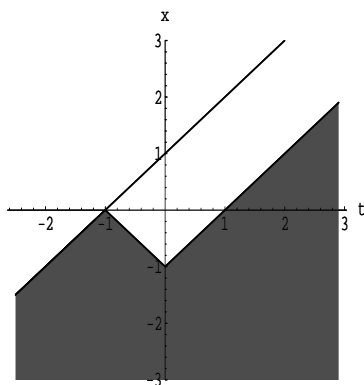


u_1 with $x_0 = 1$ at $t = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$.

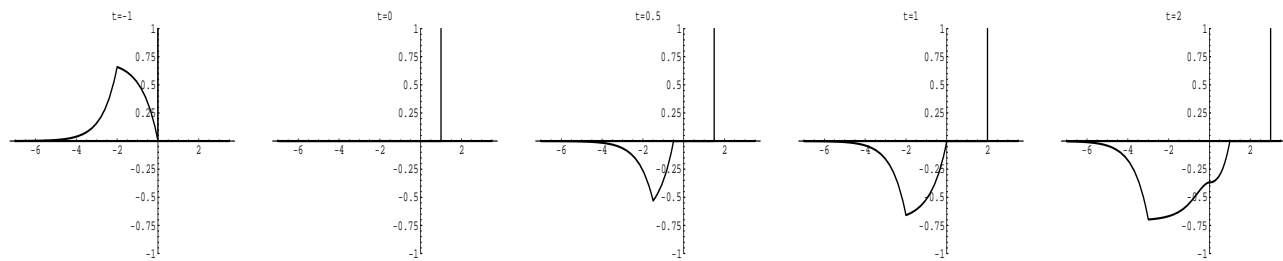
Example 3: focusing behind nonhomogeneity



Potential V , vanishing when $x > 0$

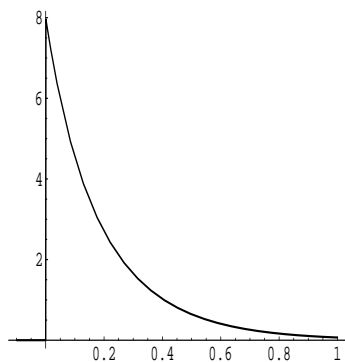


Support of u_1 , with $x_0 = 1$

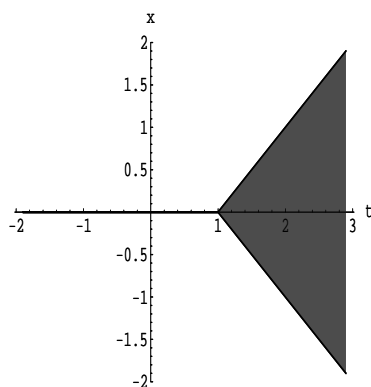


u_1 with $x_0 = 1$ at $t = -1, 0, 0.5, 1, 2$.

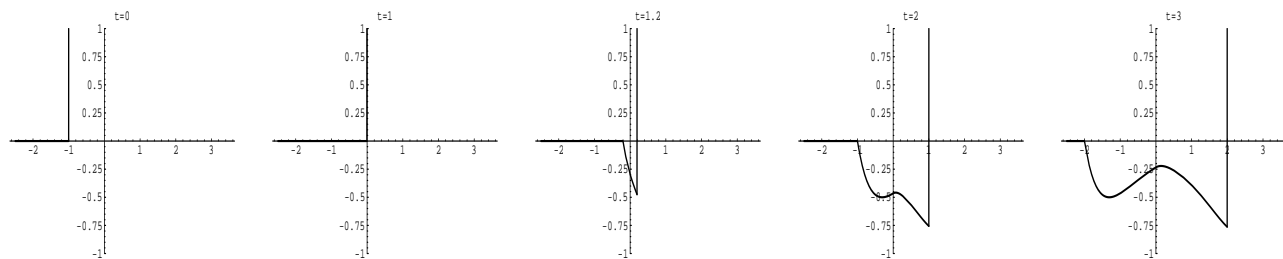
Example 4: focusing in front of nonhomogeneity



Potential V , vanishing when $x < 0$

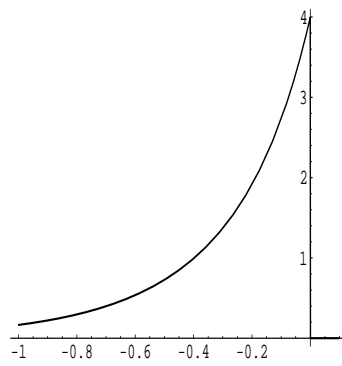


Support of u_1 , with $x_0 = -1$

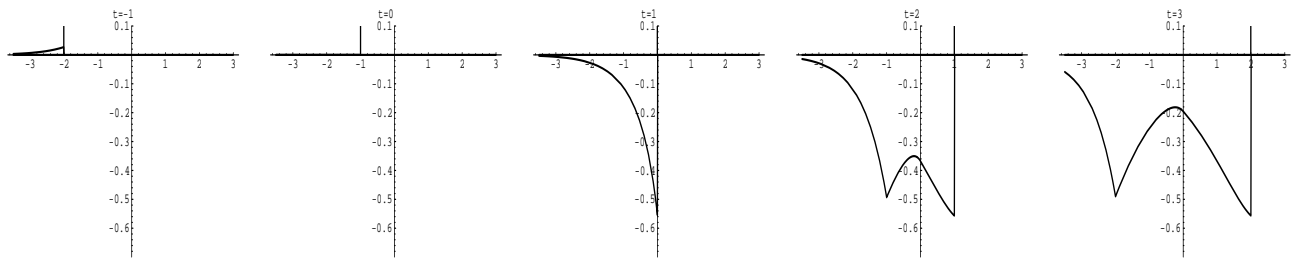


u_1 with $x_0 = -1$ at $t = 0, 1, 1.2, 2, 3$.

Example 5: focusing within nonhomogeneity

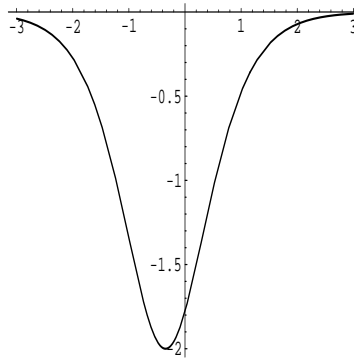


Potential V , vanishing when $x > 0$

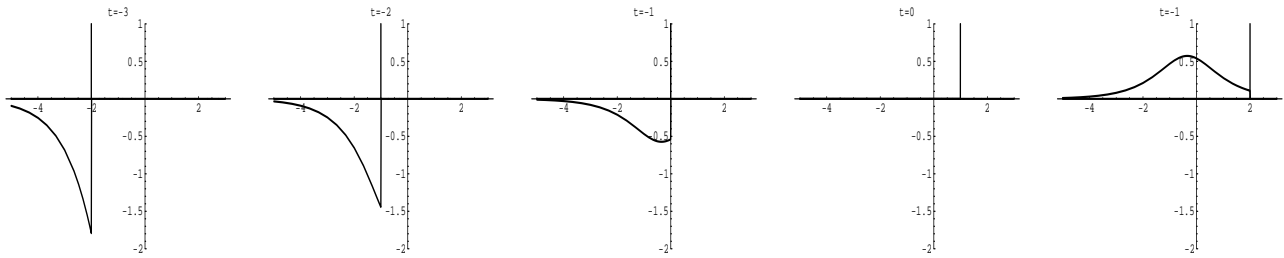


u_1 with $x_0 = -1$ at $t = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$.

Example 6: focusing with bound states

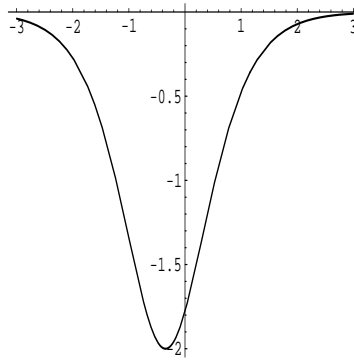


Potential V , nonvanishing, negative everywhere

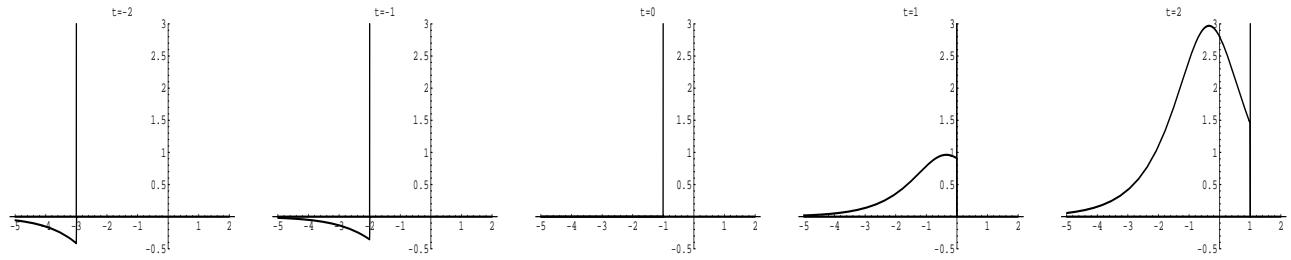


u_1 with $x_0 = 1$ at $t = -3, -2, -1, 0, 1$.

Example 7: focusing with bound states



Potential V , nonvanishing, negative everywhere



u_1 with $x_0 = -1$ at $t = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$.

Example 8: focusing with Dirac delta distribution

Example 9: focusing to edge of potential

- if $V \equiv 0$ for $x < 0$, then

(focusing sol to $x_0 = 0$) = (probing physical sol)