

# Automatic assessment in engineering mathematics: evaluation of the impact

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- First we discuss the basic skills test for news students. The test problems are based on high-school mathematics curriculum.
- We have compared the test results to the results from the first semester mathematics courses.
- We will also discuss our experiences of using the system in teaching mathematics. In particular, we will outline our experiences of using the system for continuous evaluation.



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- For this we need automation: normal paper examination cannot be used twice.
- Our solution is to use *randomized* problems: each student gets a similar but slightly different problem.
- The system we are using also allows us to create automatically assessed mathematics exercises, with additional benefit that the data is stored for research purposes.



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- It included 16 randomized questions covering the high school topics considered to be the most important.



#### Distribution of the scores in 2008-2010 Mean scores 2008: 9.26 2009: 9.35 2010: 9.84



Distribution of the scores of each problem in 2010



The Spearman's rank correlation between the results of the basic skill test in 2009 and first year mathematics courses is not very high but statistically significant (ρ = 0.2364, p=0.0000).



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- Thus success in basic skill test does not ensure success in mathematics courses.
- There must be also other factors than the basic skills that affect on how students perform in mathematics courses.



## **Basic course in mathematics S1**

The percentage of automatically assessed (above) and traditional (below) exercise assignments solved by students.

	0	1	2	3	4	5
2007	11,60	17,97	33,02	31, 19	64,04	<b>79,68</b>
	3,78	7,77	20,19	9,40	26, 84	61,61
2008	13,20	<b>23</b> , <b>62</b>	36, 55	<b>49</b> , <b>56</b>	<b>65</b> , <b>60</b>	<b>74</b> , <b>89</b>
	4,79	13,56	16, 15	<b>28, 85</b>	56,81	58, 44
2009	<b>14</b> , <b>62</b>	<b>23</b> , <b>28</b>	<b>38</b> , <b>78</b>	<b>49</b> , <b>53</b>	51,16	<b>78, 32</b>
	3,77	10,00	29,20	<b>50</b> , <b>48</b>	68,22	92,48



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- The use of STACK was extensive: 2/3 of the exercises were computer aided.
- The exercise assignments formed a significant portion of the final grade.



The grading system on the course



Scores from exams and exercise assignments



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- Students' experiences were positive both regarding the arrangements and the technology.
- Most of the students felt that STACK is useful to learn the basics.
- The general belief was that learning advanced concepts still requires face-to-face interaction.



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- Besides this, new technology enables the use of novel pedagogical solutions.
- The technology described is suitable for large scale teaching.
- Practices used in the continuous evaluation experiment are currently being applied also on course S3. Preliminary data is very promising.

